

STAT 3631/5631 Homework

Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers
Montgomery and Runger

Solutions to Chapter 2: 51, 55, 58, 62, 67, 69, 71, 75, 77, 83, 87, 88.

- 2-51. a) $P(A) = 0.4$
b) $P(B) = 0.8$
c) $P(A') = 0.6$
d) $P(A \cup B) = 1$
e) $P(A \cap B) = 0.2$

- 2-55. a) $S = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$
b) $2/8$
c) $6/8$

2-58. Total possible: 10^{16} , Only 10^8 valid, $P(\text{valid}) = 10^8/10^{16} = 1/10^8$

- 2-62. a) $P(A) = 86/100 = 0.86$
b) $P(B) = 79/100 = 0.79$
c) $P(A') = 14/100 = 0.14$
d) $P(A \cap B) = 70/100 = 0.70$
e) $P(A \cup B) = (70+9+16)/100 = 0.95$
f) $P(A' \cup B) = (70+9+5)/100 = 0.84$

- 2-67. a) $P(A \cup B \cup C) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C)$, because the events are mutually exclusive. Therefore,
 $P(A \cup B \cup C) = 0.2+0.3+0.4 = 0.9$
b) $P(A \cap B \cap C) = 0$, because $A \cap B \cap C = \emptyset$

- c) $P(A \cap B) = 0$, because $A \cap B = \emptyset$
d) $P((A \cup B) \cap C) = 0$, because $(A \cup B) \cap C = (A \cap C) \cup (B \cap C) = \emptyset$
e) $P(A' \cap B' \cap C') = 1 - [P(A) + P(B) + P(C)] = 1 - (0.2+0.3+0.4) = 0.1$

- 2-69. a) $70/100 = 0.70$
b) $(79+86-70)/100 = 0.95$
c) No, $P(A \cap B) \neq 0$

- 2-71. a) $350/370$
 b) $\frac{345 + 5 + 12}{370} = \frac{362}{370}$
 c) $\frac{345 + 5 + 8}{370} = \frac{358}{370}$
 d) $345/370$

2-75. a) $P(A) = 86/100$ b) $P(B) = 79/100$

c) $P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{70/100}{79/100} = \frac{70}{79}$

d) $P(B|A) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(A)} = \frac{70/100}{86/100} = \frac{70}{86}$

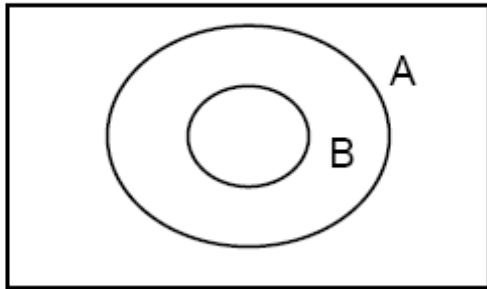
2-77. Let A denote the event that a leaf completes the color transformation and let B denote the event that a leaf completes the textural transformation. The total number of experiments is 300.

(a) $P(B|A) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(A)} = \frac{243/300}{(243 + 26)/300} = 0.903$

(b) $P(A|B') = \frac{P(A \cap B')}{P(B')} = \frac{26/300}{(18 + 26)/300} = 0.591$

- 2-83. a) $20/100$
 b) $19/99$
 c) $(20/100)(19/99) = 0.038$
 d) If the chips are replaced, the probability would be $(20/100) = 0.2$

2-87. No, if $B \subset A$, then $P(A/B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(B)}{P(B)} = 1$



2-88.

